

Ivington School Modern Foreign Languages Progression

National Curriculum

In Key Stage 2 pupils should be taught to:

- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
- explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*
- speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
- develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*
- present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences*
- · read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary
- write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
- describe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writing
- understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.

PROGRESSION IN MFL

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Listening	Listening	Listening	Listening
Listen and respond to familiar spoken words and phrases	Listen for specific phonemes, words and phrases	1	Understand the main points and simple opinions in spoken sources e.g. story, song or
Speaking	Speaking		passage
 Communicate with others using simple words, phrases and short sentences Explore the patterns and sounds of language to help develop accurate pronunciation and intonation 	 Communicate by asking and answering a wider range of questions and presenting short pieces of information Explore the patterns and sounds of language to help develop accurate pronunciation and intonation 	 Speaking Take part in short conversations using familiar structures and vocabulary Use simple conjunctions to build more complex sentences and present information to others 	 Understand longer and more complex phrases or sentences e.g. descriptions, information, instructions Speaking Use spoken language to initiate
	·	Understand and express more	and sustain simple conversations
 Reading Recognise and understand some familiar written words and phrases Show awareness of sound-spelling 	 Reading Read and understand familiar written words, phrases and short texts made of simple sentences Read a wider range of words, 	 complex opinions Explore the patterns and sounds of language to help develop accurate pronunciation and intonation Reading 	 on familiar topics and to describe incidents or tell stories from own experience Understand and begin to use the past tense to describe events
links Writing	 phrases and sentences aloud Follow text while listening and reading at the same time. 	 Read a variety of short simple texts in different formats and in different contexts 	Present to an audience e.g. role- play, presentation, performance
Write some familiar simple words using a model and some from memory	 Apply phonic knowledge to support reading and read words, phrases and sentences aloud with increasingly accurate pronunciation. 	intonation, using tone of voice and gesture to convey meaning when	
Grammar		Writing	points and some detail from a
 Understand some basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied: 	 Writing Write a short text using a model Write a few simple sentences from memory 	 Write simple sentences and short texts using a model Use a dictionary to check the spelling of words. 	short written passage. Writing

•	gender – masculine, feminine –
	nouns (singular)

- word order of adjectives
- how to form the negative

Apply phonic knowledge to support writing

Grammar

- Understand some basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied:
- gender masculine, feminine neuter – nouns (singular and plural); adjectives, pronouns
- verbs in questions and answers
- how to form the negative

Grammar

- Understand some basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied:
- gender masculine, feminine, neuter – adjectives,
- possessive pronouns
- verbs how to form the future tense, conjugation of present tense verbs

Write sentences and construct short texts using a model. Write a few sentences from memory, using knowledge of words, text and structure.

Grammar

- Understand some basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied:
- verbs –begin to use the past tense, reinforce
- understanding of future tense
- adverbs
- gender masculine, feminine, neuter
- nouns and adjectives

Phonology

- explore the patterns and sounds of language and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases
- understand and communicate using knowledge of phonology

Intercultural understanding

- foster pupils' curiosity and deepen their understanding of the world
- learn new ways of thinking and read great literature in the original language
- understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources
- discover and develop an appreciation of a range of writing in the language studied